Programming for Data Science Debug in RStudio

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• Aim of debugging is to help you find bugs by figuring out where the code is not behaving in the way that you expect.

To do this, you need to:

- Begin running the code;
- Stop the code at the point where you suspect the problem is arising;
- Look at and/or walk through the code, step-by-step at that point.

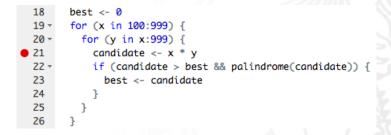
Entering debug mode

- In order to enter debug mode, you need to tell R when you want to pause the computation.
 - Stopping on a line using Editor breakpoints;
 - Stopping when an error occurs using Break in Code.

Entering debug mode

Stopping on a line using Editor breakpoints:

• The most common (and easiest) way to stop on a line of code is to set a breakpoint on that line. You can do this in RStudio by clicking to the left of the line number in the editor, or by pressing Shift+F9 with your cursor on the desired line.



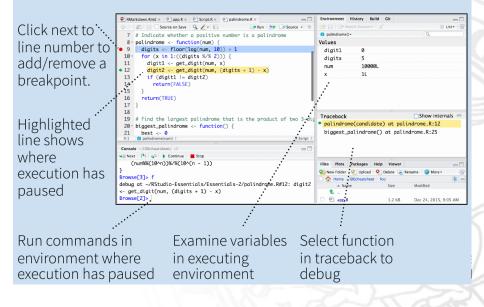
Entering debug mode

Stopping when an error occurs using Break in Code :

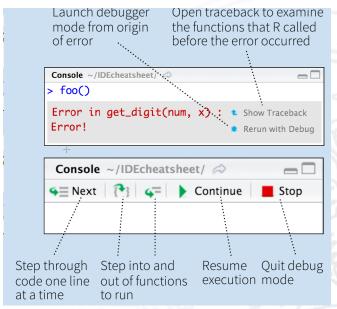
 If you are diagnosing a specific error, you can have RStudio halt execution at the point where the error is raised. To do this, go to Debug -> On Error and change the value from "Error Inspector" to "Break in Code".

Debug Tools Window	w Hel	p
Toggle Breakpoint Clear All Breakpoints	- ① F9	udio
Execute Next Line Step Into Function Finish Function/Loop Continue Stop Debugging	F10 ① F4 ① F6 ① F5 ① F8	Environment Histo
On Error Debugging Help		Message Only ✓ Error Inspector Break in Code

Debug in rstudio



Debug in rstudio



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Exercise: Find the BUG
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```
>BUG=function(spin){
    N = length(spin)
    spin = c(spin, sum(spin), mean(spin))
    if (sum(is.na(spin))! = 0){
       cat("Error")
       return(NA)
    for (i in 1 : N + 2){
       spin[i] = spin[i] + spin[i]
    return(spin)
Expected behavior: BUG(1:4) \rightarrow 2 4 6 8 20 5
```

Expected behavior: $BUG(c(1,3,5,6,NA)) \rightarrow NA$